Conditions Report

Not present to high concentrations of *Karenia brevis* (commonly known as Florida red tide) are present along- and offshore portions of southwest Florida, and not present in the Florida Keys. *K. brevis* concentrations are patchy in nature and levels of respiratory irritation will vary locally based upon nearby bloom concentrations, ocean currents, and wind speed and direction. The highest level of potential respiratory irritation forecast for Thursday, February 9 through Monday, February 13 is listed below:

**County Region:** Forecast (Duration)

- **Southern Pinellas:** Moderate (Th), Low (F-M)
- **Southern Pinellas, bay regions:** Very Low (Th-M)
- **Northern Manatee, bay regions:** Moderate (Th-F), Low (Sa-M)
- **Southern Manatee:** Moderate (Th), Low (F-M)
- **Southern Manatee, bay regions:** Moderate (Th-F), Low (Sa-M)
- **Northern Sarasota:** Moderate (Th, Su), Low (F, Sa, M)
- **Northern Sarasota, bay regions:** Moderate (Th-F), Low (Sa-M)
- **Southern Sarasota:** Moderate (Th), Low (F-M)
- **Northern Charlotte:** Moderate (Th), Low (F-M)
- **Northern Charlotte, bay regions:** Moderate (Th-F), Low (Sa-M)
- **Southern Charlotte:** Moderate (Th), Low (F-M)
- **Southern Charlotte, bay regions:** Moderate (Th-F), Low (Sa-M)
- **Northern Lee:** Moderate (Th), Low (F-M)
- **Northern Lee, bay regions:** Low (Th-M)
- **Central Lee:** Low (Th-M)
- **Central Lee, bay regions:** Low (Th-M)
- **All Other SWFL County Regions:** None expected (Th-M)

Check [http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach_conditions.html](http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach_conditions.html) for recent, local observations. Health information, from the Florida Department of Health and other agencies, is available at [http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_health_info.html](http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_health_info.html). Over the past few days, respiratory irritation and dead fish were received from Sarasota and Lee counties.

**Analysis**

*Karenia brevis* ranges between not present to ‘high’ concentrations along- and offshore southwest Florida from northern Pinellas to northern Collier counties (FWRI, MML, SCHD, CCENRD; 1/30-2/8). In the bay regions of northern Manatee County, recent sampling indicates *K. brevis* has decreased to ‘very low b’ from ‘low a’ concentrations detected on 1/30 (FWRI; 2/7). Detailed sample information and a summary of impacts can be obtained through FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute at: [http://myfwc.com/rediestatus](http://myfwc.com/rediestatus).

In recent ensemble imagery (MODIS Aqua, 2/7), patches of elevated chlorophyll (2-7 µg/L) with some of the optical characteristics of *K. brevis* are visible alongshore southwest Florida from southern Sarasota to southern Charlotte counties. Offshore southwest Florida, patches of elevated chlorophyll (2-4 µg/L) with some of the optical characteristics of *K. brevis* are visible from southern Sarasota to southern Lee counties.

Variable winds forecasted today through Monday may minimize the potential for
transport of surface *K. brevis* concentrations alongshore southwest Florida.

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Wind Analysis

Englewood to Tarpon Springs (Venice): West to northwest winds (15kn, 8m/s) becoming north winds (15-20kn, 8-10m/s) tonight. Northeast to east winds (10-20kn, 5-10m/s) Friday. Southeast to southwest winds (5-10kn, 3-5m/s) Saturday becoming north winds (5kn, 3m/s) Saturday night and east after midnight. Southeast to south winds (5kn) Sunday becoming northwest to north winds (5kn) Sunday night through Monday.
Satellite chlorophyll image and forecast winds for February 10, 2017 12Z with points representing cell concentration sampling data from January 30 to February 8: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) Fish and Wildlife Research Institute. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:
http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_publication/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas with *K. brevis* optical characteristics shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).