Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin
Region: Southwest Florida
Monday, 27 June 2016
NOAA National Ocean Service
NOAA Satellite and Information Service
NOAA National Weather Service
Last bulletin: Monday, June 20, 2016

Satellite chlorophyll image with possible *Karenia brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s), when applicable. Points represent cell concentration sampling data from June 17 to 23: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) Fish and Wildlife Research Institute. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:
http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_publication/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Detailed sample information can be obtained through FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute at:
http://myfwc.com/redtidestatus

To see previous bulletins and forecasts for other Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin regions, visit at:
http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/bulletins.html

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**Conditions Report**
There is currently no indication of *Karenia brevis* (commonly known as Florida red tide) along the coast of southwest Florida, including the Florida Keys. No respiratory irritation is expected Monday, June 27 through Tuesday, July 5.

Check http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach_conditions.html for recent, local observations.

**Analysis**

**Due to the upcoming federal holiday, the next bulletin will be issued on Tuesday, July 5.**

Samples collected over the last 10-days along- and offshore the coast of southwest Florida from Pinellas County to the Florida Keys, indicate that *Karenia brevis* is not present (FWRI, SCHD, MML, CCENRD; 6/17-6/22). Detailed sample information and a summary of impacts can be obtained through FWC Fish and Wildlife Research Institute at: http://myfwc.com/redtidestatus.

In recent ensemble imagery (MODIS Aqua, 6/25), patches of elevated to very high chlorophyll (3 to >20µg/L) the optical characteristics of *K. brevis* are present along- and offshore Charlotte, Lee, and Collier counties.

Harmful algal bloom formation at the coast of southwest Florida is not expected today through Tuesday, July 5.

**Davis, Lalime**

Wind conditions from Venice Pier, FL

Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA's National Weather Service (NWS).

**Wind Analysis**

**Englewood to Tarpon Springs (Venice):** North to northwest winds (5-10kn, 3-5m/s) today becoming north after midnight. West winds (10kn, 5m/s) Tuesday becoming southwest winds (5-10kn) Wednesday through Friday.
Satellite chlorophyll image and forecast winds for June 28, 2016 06Z with points representing cell concentration sampling data from June 17 to 23: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) Fish and Wildlife Research Institute. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide: http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_publication/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas with *K. brevis* optical characteristics shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).