Gulf of Mexico Harmful Algal Bloom Bulletin
Region: Texas
Monday, 18 April 2016
NOAA National Ocean Service
NOAA Satellite and Information Service
NOAA National Weather Service
Last bulletin: Monday, April 11, 2016

Satellite chlorophyll image with possible *K. brevis* HAB areas shown by red polygon(s), when applicable. Points represent cell concentration sampling data from April 8 to 14: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:
http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/hab_publication/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Detailed sample information can be obtained through the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department at:
http://www.tpwd.state.tx.us./landwater/water/environconcerns/hab/redtide/status.phtml

Conditions Report
*Karenia brevis* (commonly known as Texas red tide) ranges from not present to background concentrations along the coast of Texas. No respiratory irritation is expected Monday, April 18 through Monday, April 25.

Check http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach_conditions.html for recent, local observations.

Analysis
Data from Texas A&M University’s Imaging FlowCytobot, located on the Port Aransas ship channel, indicates that *Karenia brevis* concentrations range from ‘not present’ to ‘background’ (TAMU; 4/11-15). For information on area shellfish restrictions, contact the Texas Department of State Health Services.

Recent MODIS Aqua imagery (4/15, shown left) is obscured by clouds in patches along- and offshore the Texas coast from the Matagorda Peninsula to south of the Rio Grande, limiting analysis. Elevated to high chlorophyll (3-17 µg/L) is visible along- and offshore the coast of Texas from Sabine Pass to the Matagorda Peninsula. Elevated chlorophyll is not indicative of the presence of *K. brevis* and is most likely due to the resuspension of benthic chlorophyll and sediments along the coast.

Forecast models based on predicted near-surface currents indicate a potential maximum transport of 50 km south from the Port Aransas region from April 15-21.

Wind Analysis
*Port Aransas to Matagorda Ship Channel*: Southeast winds (5-20kn, 3-10m/s) today through Thursday. East to northeast winds (5-10kn, 3-5m/s) Thursday night through Friday.
Satellite chlorophyll image and forecast winds for April 19, 2016 06Z with points representing cell concentration sampling data from April 8 to 14: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:

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Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas of high chlorophyll concentration shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).