Conditions Report

There is currently no indication of *Karenia brevis* (commonly known as Texas red tide) along the coast of Texas. No respiratory irritation is expected Thursday, October 3 through Monday, October 7. Check [http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach_conditions.html](http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/beach_conditions.html) for recent, local observations.

There are currently patches of a bloom of the algae *Aureoumbra lagunensis* in the upper Laguna Madre region. This algae species does not produce the respiratory irritation associated with the Texas red tide caused by *Karenia brevis*, but it may cause discolored water and fish kills.

Analysis

**Note: As of today, October 3, bulletins will be issued once per week on Mondays due to current harmful algal bloom inactivity. Bulletins will be issued twice per week when conditions warrant.**

There is currently no indication of *Karenia brevis* along the coast of Texas (TPWD; 10/2). For information on area shellfish restrictions, contact the Texas Department of State Health Services.

Recent MODIS Aqua imagery (10/2, shown left) is partially obscured by clouds along and offshore from the Sabine Pass region to the Matagorda Peninsula, limiting analysis. Elevated to high chlorophyll (2 to 20 $\mu$g/L) is visible in patches along- and offshore in the Sabine Pass region and from Pass Cavallo to south of the Rio Grande, with patches elevated to very high chlorophyll (2 to >20 $\mu$g/L) visible along- and offshore the Matagorda Peninsula region. Elevated chlorophyll is most likely not indicative of the presence of *K. brevis* and is probably due to the resuspension of benthic chlorophyll and sediments along the coast.

Forecast models based on predicted near-surface currents indicate a potential maximum transport of 20 km south from the Port Aransas region from October 2-6.

Kavanaugh, Derner
Wind Analysis

**Port Aransas:** Southeast to south winds (5-15kn, 3-8m/s) today through Saturday night becoming north winds (10-25kn, 5-13m/s) after midnight through Monday. Northeast to east winds (5-10kn, 3-5m/s) Monday afternoon through evening.

Wind speed and direction are averaged over 12 hours from buoy measurements. Length of line indicates speed; angle indicates direction. Red indicates that the wind direction favors upwelling near the coast. Values to the left of the dotted vertical line are measured values; values to the right are forecasts. Wind observation and forecast data provided by NOAA’s National Weather Service (NWS).
Satellite chlorophyll image and forecast winds for October 4, 2013 06Z with points representing cell concentration sampling data from September 23 to October 1: red (high), orange (medium), yellow (low b), brown (low a), blue (very low b), purple (very low a), pink (present), and green (not present). Cell count data are provided by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. For a list of sample providers and a key to the cell concentration categories, please see the HAB-OFS bulletin guide:

http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov/hab/habfs_bulletin_guide.pdf

Verified and suspected HAB areas shown in red. Other areas of high chlorophyll concentration shown in yellow (see p. 1 analysis for interpretation).